

**MÜNCHNER KREIS**

**The Influence of ICT on Energy Efficiency:  
Perspectives from Germany and Japan**

**The Digital Grid Concept:  
The First Step towards Realization of the “Internet of Energy”**

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THE UNIVERSITY OF TOKYO

**Presidential Endowed Chair,  
“Electric Power Network Innovation  
by Digital Grid”**



Digital Grid Consortium Inc.,

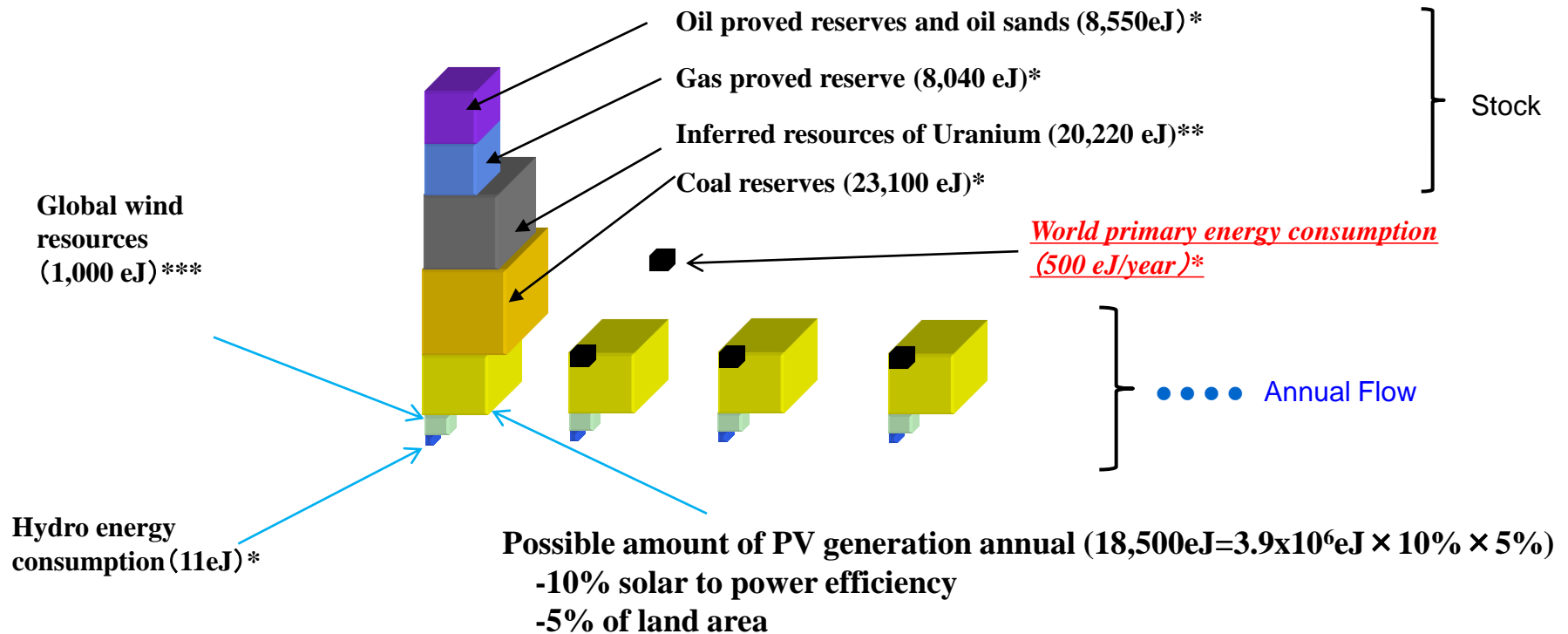
## Digital Grid Vision

- A world which makes wide use of abundant natural, renewable energy and is **free of conflict over energy resources**.
- A world with sufficient energy supply which does **not damage the environment** and can be used safely, comfortably and sustainably.

## Digital Grid Mission

- To spread Digital Grid concept to the world and work together to realize the Vision through Digital Grid technology.

# Solar potential is huge and sustainable



\* : BP world energy 2009  
 \*\* : OECD nuclear energy data 2008  
 \*\*\* : World energy council survey of energy resources 2007  
 eJ : exajoule (10<sup>18</sup> J)

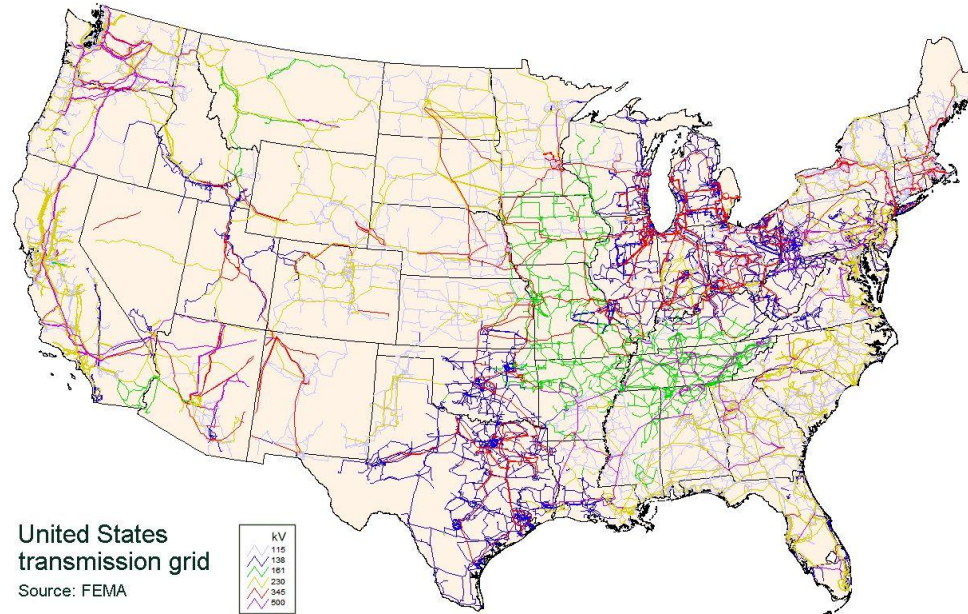
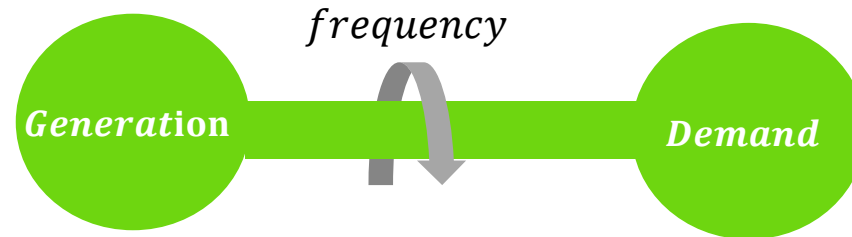
Some progress has been made in the shift from thermal to renewable energy, but as the speed and scale of the shift increases, we will find two major problems in the current grid system:

- Technical problem: **The limits of centralized control** and the need to shift to segmented and decentralized control to accommodate distributed, variable renewable energy.
- Problem with the current business model: How to shift from **a planned energy economy** to a market economy with many, competing suppliers

# Technical Problem: Current Grid

## Current Grid:

- Whole huge grid is synchronously connected
- Generation is controlled to match the demand at any instant moment.



## Smart Grid:

- the electrical grid to use ICT network to watch electric transportation from generation to demand to have better control of the grid.
- Demand is controlled by efficient tools to match the generation.

➔ *too slow*



Source: google power meter



Source: Trilliant

- In the current system, power companies have central control of the grid and they must **balance the supply of energy to meet demand**. This system has been very efficient. But if various sources of renewable energy start to enter the grid, power companies will lose their ability for central control.
- Cascading Failures: One problem with centralized control of a synchronous grid is that when an accident occurs, it can cascade across a wide area. ([India](#))
- To strengthen transmission lines is always discussed, but it won't be the solution for cascading failure. The ideal is to have the ability for **fractal segmented, decentralized, distributed control of energy**, but this technology does not yet exist.

# Problem with the current business model:



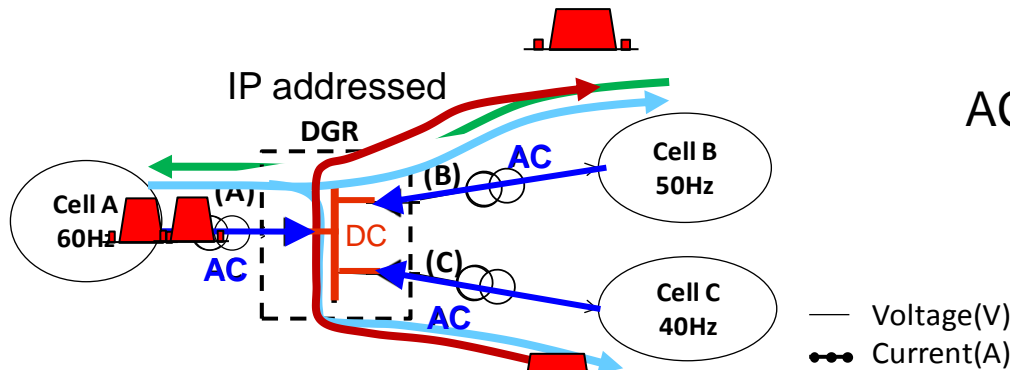
Currently, the price of electricity is fixed. The consumer **does not know how his power is generated** and he **cannot choose his source of power.**

To create a free market we need to bring in new suppliers who will compete without price regulation. But this will require a shift from central to decentralized control. And this will also require the ability for the **supplier to “address” his “energy product”** and the **consumer to “identify” his “energy purchases.”**



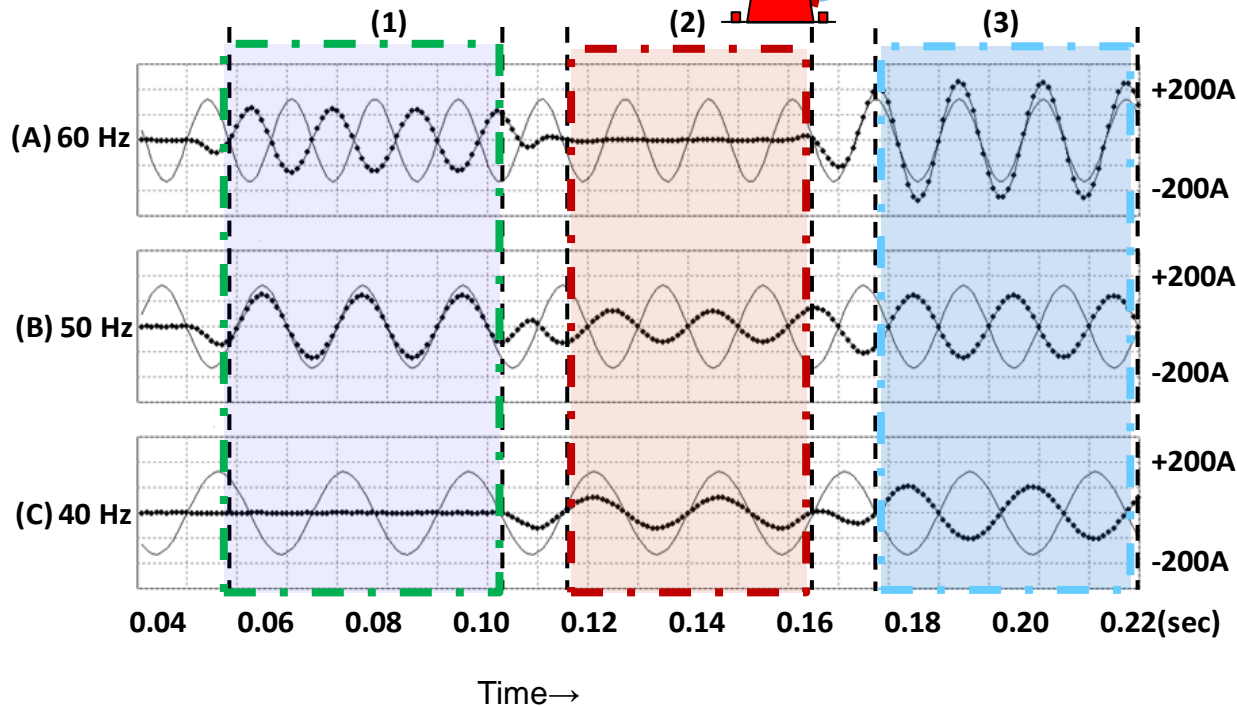
- The Digital Grid is proposed as one solution to this problem.
- (1) It allows for segmented and decentralized control through **asynchronous connections**.
- (2) It uses an **Addressable** Power Device which allows consumers to identify and choose energy sources.

# Asynchronous and addressable multi-connection power device: Digital Grid Router (DGR)

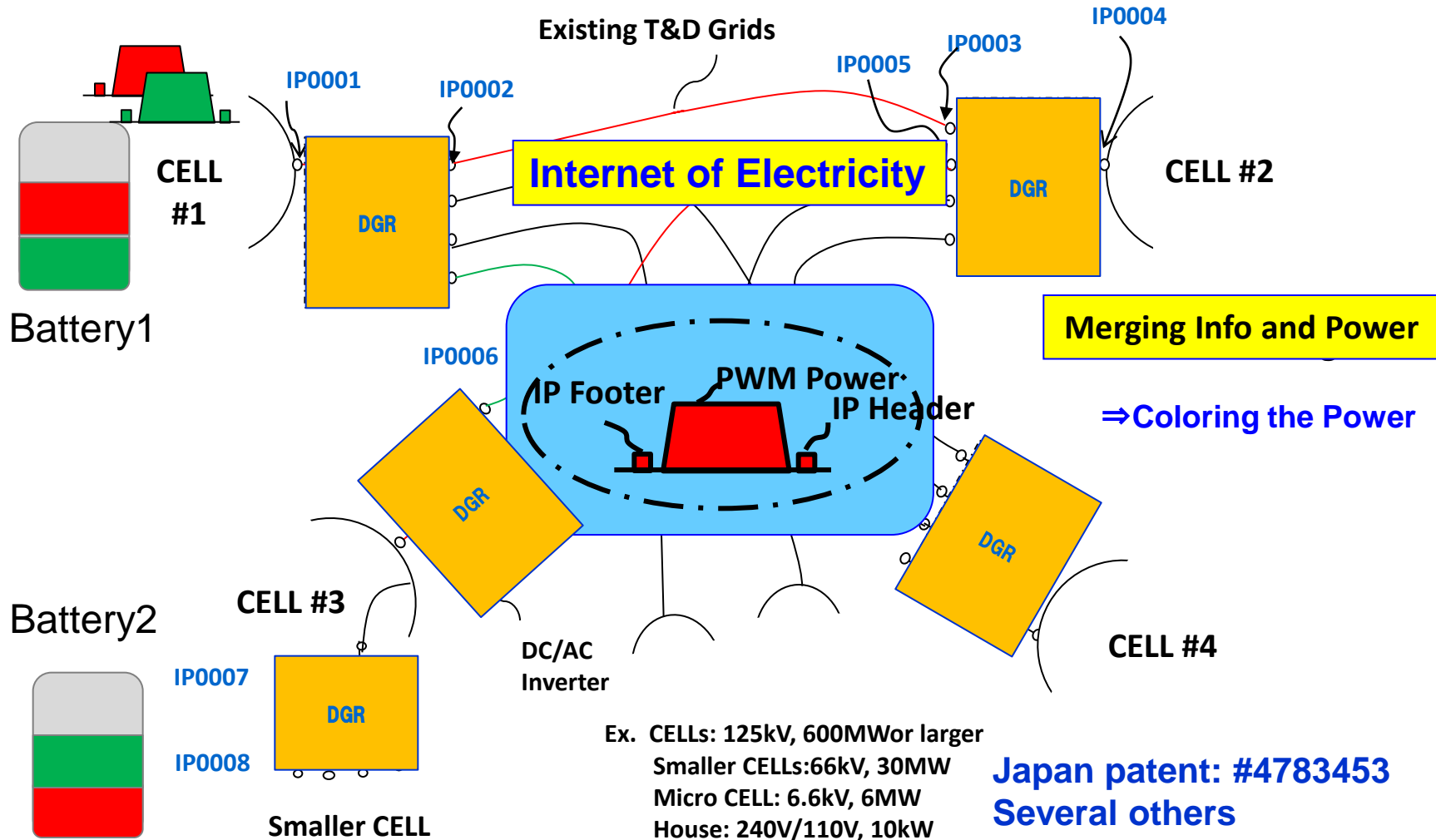


## AC-DC-AC conversion

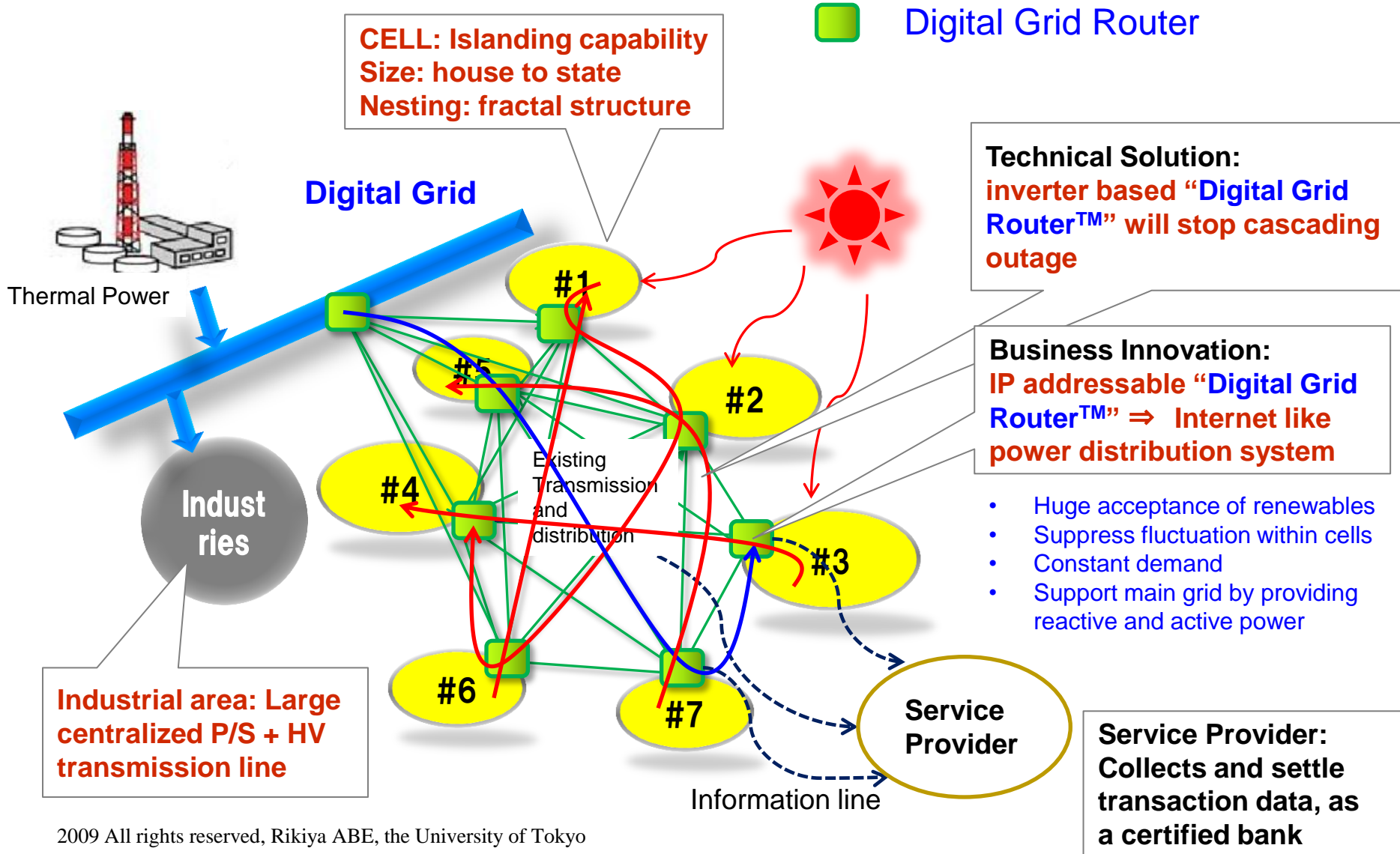
- Connect different frequency
- Transfer active power
- Control reactive power
- High frequency conversion
- Smooth transition
- Fast gate block



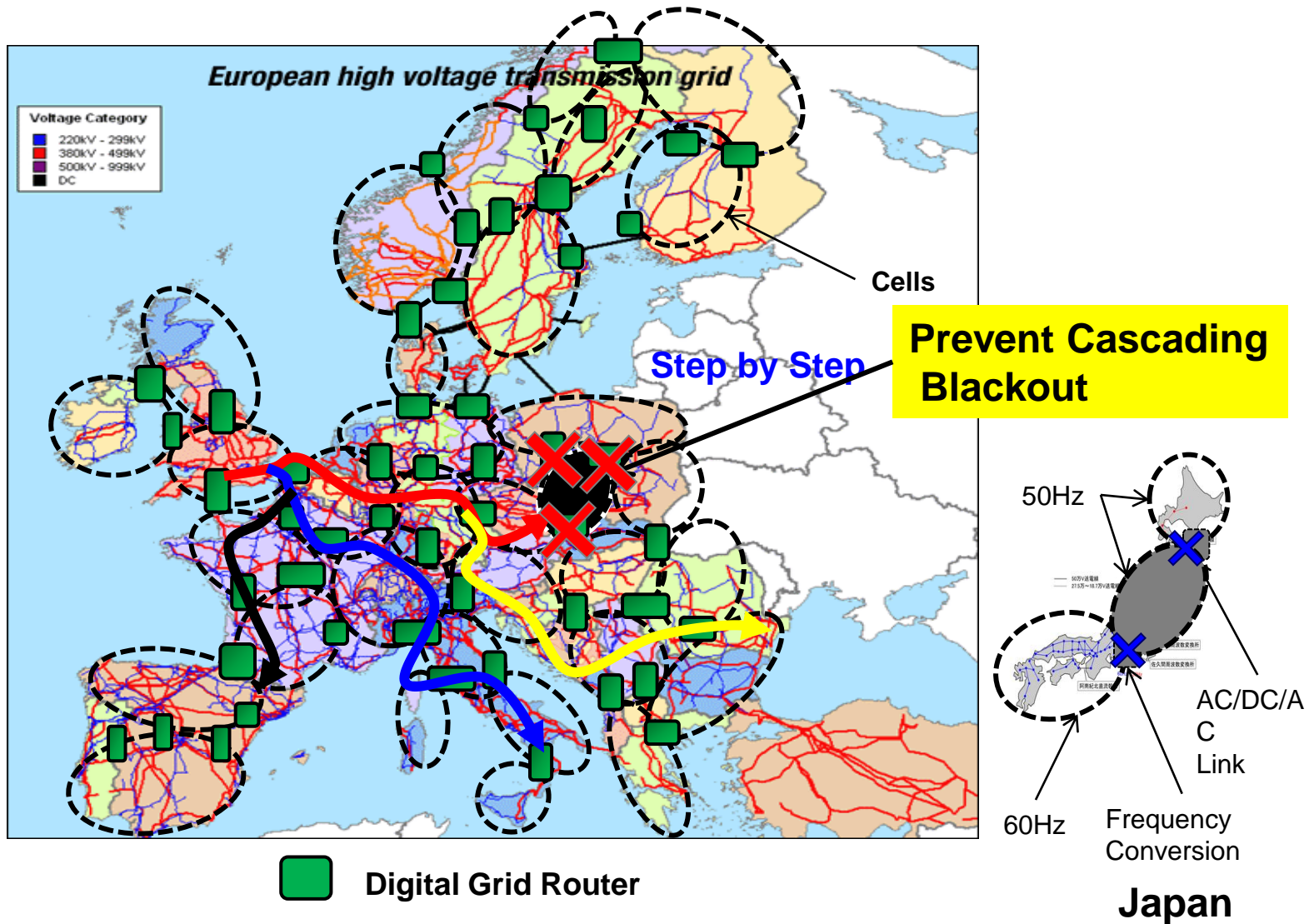
# Internet of Electricity



**Japan patent: #4783453**  
**Several others**  
**incl. PCT are filed**



# Proposed Digital Grid in Europe

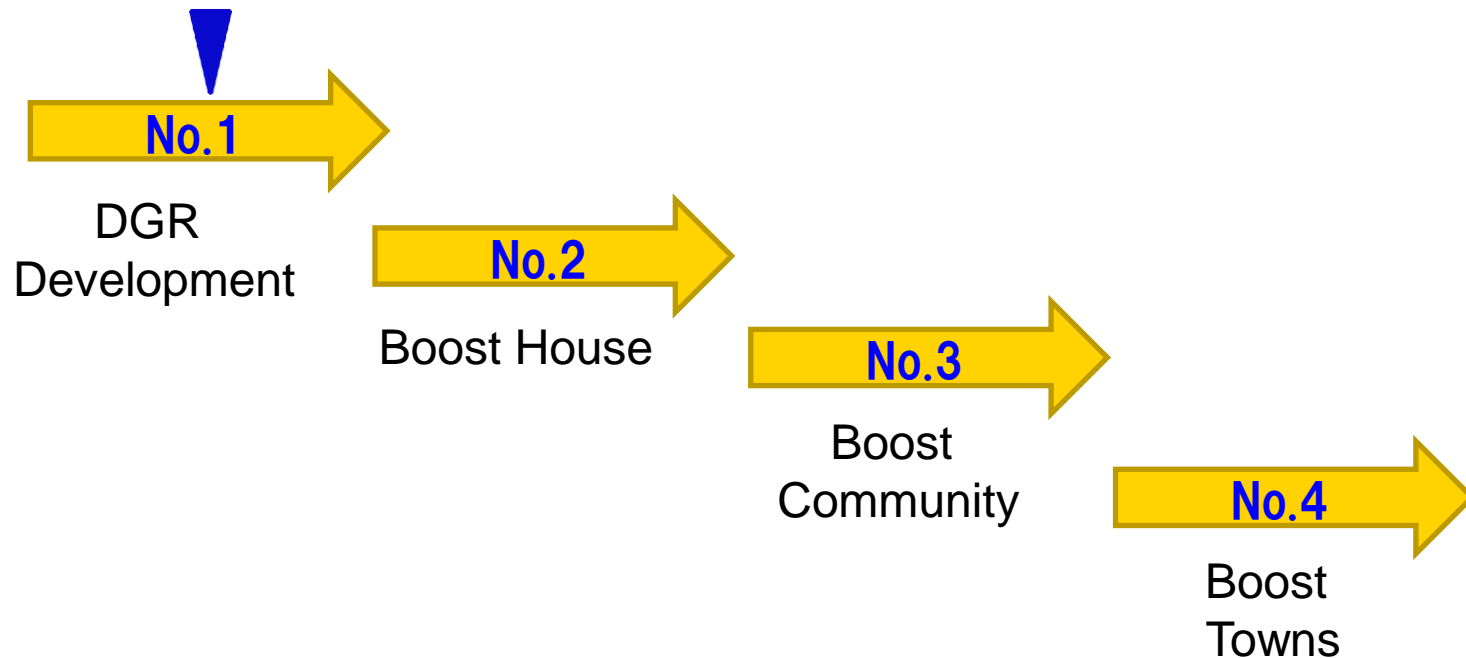


With distributed control of energy, it becomes possible to identify the source of energy and will encourage the development of new, innovative energy services.

Date	Start	Stop	From	Buy	To	Sell	Balance
12, May, '99	02:15:40	08:17:20	Grid A9806	2890kWh			10299kWh
14, May, '99	03:07:10	08:55:56			Grid W962	7600kWh	3699kWh
17, May, '99	18:40:12	23:40:12	Grid B547	3455kWh			7054kWh
20, May, '99	10:20:32	16:35:44	Int. PV003	456kWh			7510kWh

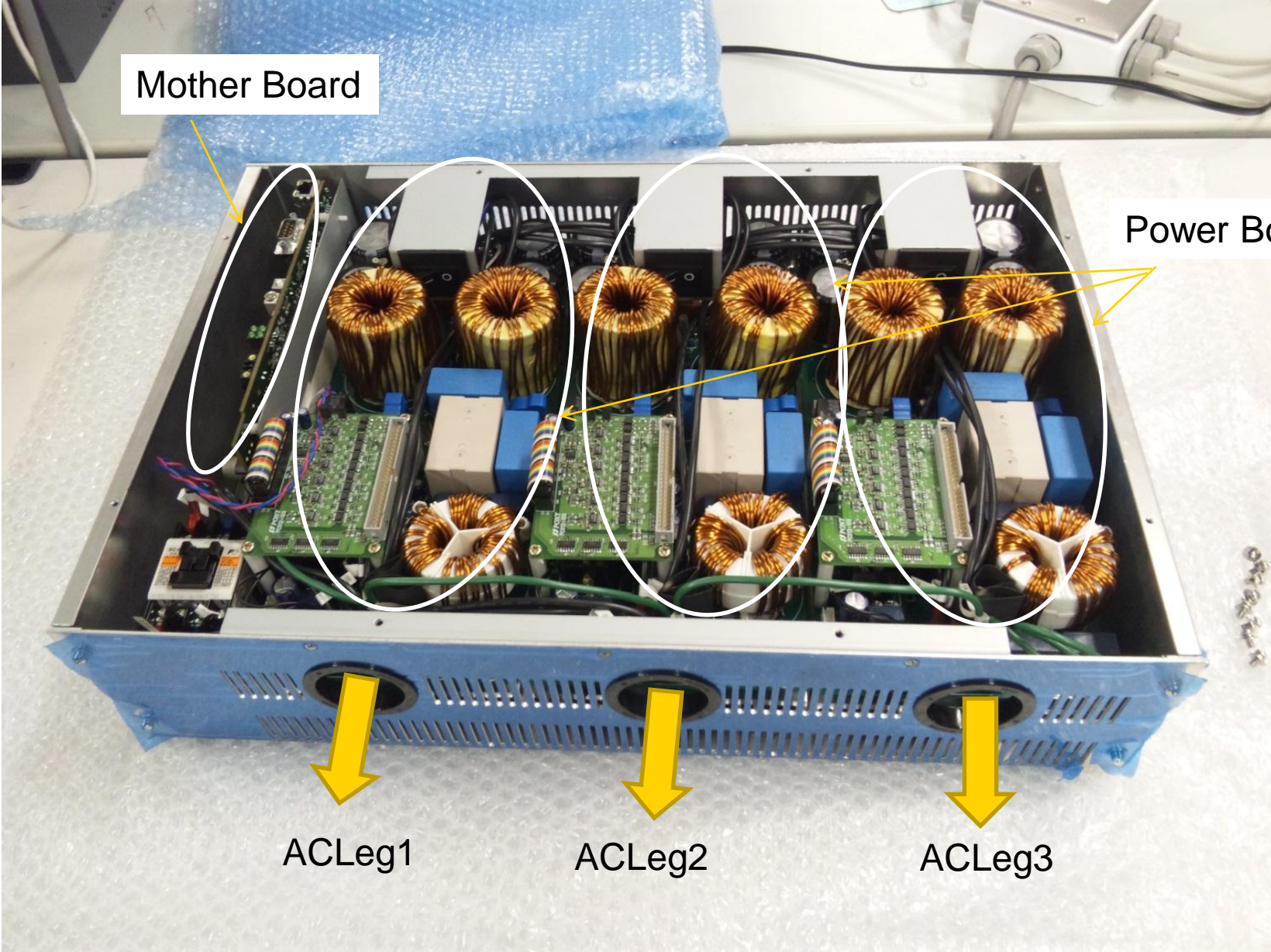
- Electricity Transaction will be recorded in Digital Grid Router as bank book
- Authorized organization to certify those record
- Many features will be add such as CO<sub>2</sub> credit, RPS value, Green value, etc.

- The development procedure of the Consortium is based on joint development programs



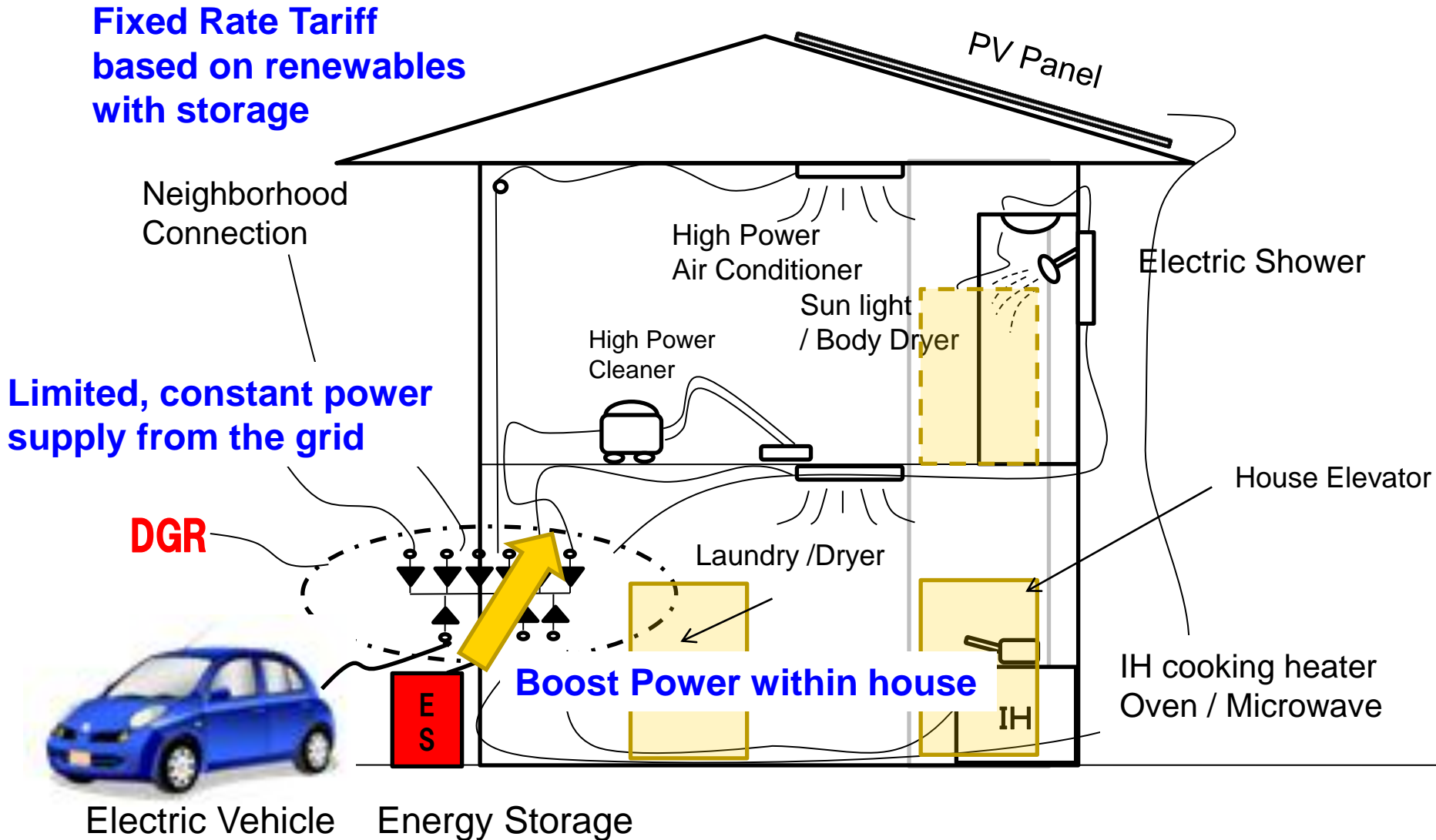
- The first program is now underway and **the first prototype has been developed**, as shown here..

# 3-Leg Router (Prototype) : 2kWx3



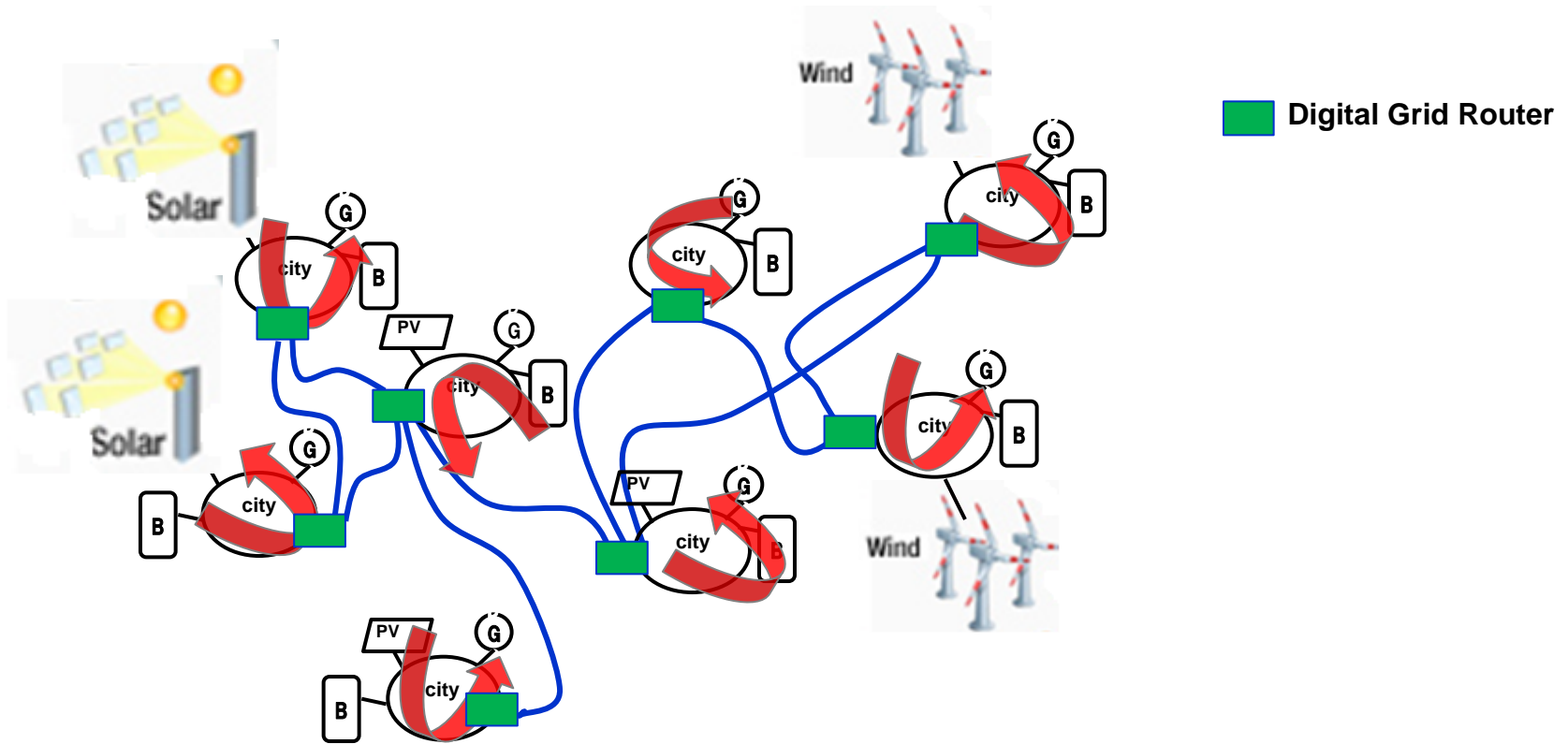


# Second Program: Boost House with a DGR



# Developing countries may choose different path

Just as developing countries have skipped the use of fixed line phones and have jumped directly to cell phones, it will be possible for the developing world to skip the stage of centralized, one way power generation with large investments in infrastructure and **jump directly to smaller scale energy sources and distributed control.**



- Fractal segmented and decentralized **renewable energy requires new grid system** to avoid cascading outage and the Digital Grid enables this by reconnecting smaller grids asynchronously.
- Fractal segmented and decentralized **renewable energy requires a new business model** such as a free market mechanism and the Digital Grid enables this by addressable power routers
- The Digital Grid will enable a world which makes **wide use of natural, renewable energy** and is **free of conflict** over energy resources

**Thank you for your attention!**